



# ANALYSIS REPORT

10445155.r1.v1 NUMBER

2023-06-08 DATE

## Malware Analysis Report

### Notification

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### Summary

#### Description

CISA received one Windows Portable Executable (PE) file for analysis. The file is a variant of TrueBot malware. It is designed to collect system information and report it to a command-and-control (C2). The bot is also capable of downloading and executing additional payloads.

#### Submitted Files (1)

7d75244449fb5c25d8f196a43a6eb9e453652b2185392376e7d44c21bd8431e7 (3LXJyAv6Gf.exe)

#### Domains (2)

dremmfyttrred[.]com  
drooggdhfhff[.]com

### Findings

7d75244449fb5c25d8f196a43a6eb9e453652b2185392376e7d44c21bd8431e7

#### Tags

trojan

#### Details

<b>Name</b>	3LXJyAv6Gf.exe
<b>Size</b>	1200732656 bytes
<b>Type</b>	PE32+ executable (GUI) x86-64, for MS Windows
<b>MD5</b>	5588286a702e0c36c8318be0b164fa8c
<b>SHA1</b>	5449f3f141958de2d1140bc8323f5ac95c203287
<b>SHA256</b>	7d75244449fb5c25d8f196a43a6eb9e453652b2185392376e7d44c21bd8431e7
<b>SHA512</b>	105e72e1f1e3af8942e0e77e1294f74cd0518f7d601e4e2f20f7ed9db3cd1c67739c31e085e028eafe0394af74b2fbeb6ffbfb67d7731023a04c53a6784924e
<b>ssdeep</b>	25165824:d1AuQ/FFyK8db8kdjeyPpiMh5gbiwcfYjh+dkfaelLq4H/LLhft:Q/FoK8rteknh54ZcfvdkfpnLhft
<b>Entropy</b>	7.999996



**Antivirus****ESET** | a variant of Win64/Agent.BVF trojan**YARA Rules**

```

• rule CISA_10445155_01 : TRUEBOT downloader
{
  meta:
    Author = "CISA Code & Media Analysis"
    Incident = "10445155"
    Date = "2023-05-17"
    Last_Modified = "20230523_1500"
    Actor = "n/a"
    Family = "TRUEBOT"
    Capabilities = "n/a"
    Malware_Type = "downloader"
    Tool_Type = "n/a"
    Description = "Detects TRUEBOT downloader samples"
    SHA256 = "7d75244449fb5c25d8f196a43a6eb9e453652b2185392376e7d44c21bd8431e7"
  strings:
    $s1 = { 64 72 65 6d 6d 66 79 74 74 72 72 65 64 2e 63 6f 6d }
    $s2 = { 4e 73 75 32 4f 64 69 77 6f 64 4f 73 32 }
    $s3 = { 59 69 50 75 6d 79 62 6f 73 61 57 69 57 65 78 79 }
    $s4 = { 72 65 70 6f 74 73 5f 65 72 72 6f 72 2e 74 78 74 }
    $s5 = { 4c 6b 6a 64 73 6c 66 6a 33 32 6f 69 6a 72 66 65 77 67 77 2e 6d 70 34 }
    $s6 = { 54 00 72 00 69 00 67 00 67 00 65 00 72 00 31 00 32 }
    $s7 = { 54 00 55 00 72 00 66 00 57 00 65 00 73 00 54 00 69 00 66 00 73 00 66 }
  condition:
    5 of them
}

```

**ssdeep Matches**

No matches found.

**Relationships**

7d75244449...	Connected_To	dremmfyttrred[.]com
7d75244449...	Connected_To	drooggdhfhf[.]com

**Description**

This artifact is a variant of the TrueBot downloader. The file is padded with over one gigabyte (Gb) of junk code, designed to hinder analysis. When the bot is executed on the system, it will check the current Operating System (OS) version (RtlGetVersion) and the processor architecture (GetNativeSystemInfo). From this information the bot will create a unique ID for the compromised system. It will store the ID in C:\ProgramData as a randomly named 13 character file with a .JSONIP extension, e.g. 'lgtyXEQuCEvAM.JSONIP'.

The malware proceeds to enumerate all running processes on the system. The bot configuration contains a list of common Windows processes that are excluded from its list. The remaining process names are concatenated into a base64 encoded string. The malware specifically looks for the presence of the following disassembly and debugging tools:

—Begin Disassembly & Debugging Tools—

IDA Pro  
 Process Monitor  
 ProcessHacker  
 Process Explorer  
 CFF Explorer  
 Resource Hacker  
 Cheatengine-x86\_64  
 OllyDbg  
 Radare2



X64dbg  
 WinDbg  
 Zeta Debugger  
 Rock Debugger  
 Obsidian debugger  
 —End Disassembly & Debugging Tools—

The presence of these tools does not change the execution of the malware. They are also concatenated into a base64 encoded string and sent along with the system information.

Next, the malware will collect the ComputerName and Domain name of the system. All of the collected information and the unique ID is sent to a hard-coded Uniform Resource Locator (URL) in a POST request using a unique User-agent string:

—Begin POST Request—  
 POST  
 dremmfyttrred[.]com/dns.php  
 Content-type: application/x-www-form-urlencoded  
 Mozilla/112.0 (compatible; MSIE 11.0; Windows NT 10.00)  
 —End POST Request—

The malware uses a second obfuscated domain to accept commands and receive additional payloads. The configuration contains two base64 encoded strings that the malware will decode and run through a string operation to generate a unique hexadecimal string. The hexadecimal string is decoded using the embedded RC4 key 'YiPumybosawiWexy'. The following URL was decoded from the strings:

—Begin Decoded URL—  
 drooggdhfhf[.]com/gate.php  
 —End Decoded URL—

## dremmfyttrred[.]com

### Tags

command-and-control

### HTTP Sessions

- POST  
 dremmfyttrred[.]com/dns.php  
 Content-type: application/x-www-form-urlencoded  
 Mozilla/112.0 (compatible; MSIE 11.0; Windows NT 10.00)

### Relationships

dremmfyttrred[.]com	Connected_From	7d75244449fb5c25d8f196a43a6eb9e453652b 2185392376e7d44c21bd8431e7
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### Description

3LXJyA6Gf.exe attempts to send the collected system information to this domain.

## drooggdhfhf[.]com

### Tags

command-and-control

### Relationships

drooggdhfhf[.]com	Connected_From	7d75244449fb5c25d8f196a43a6eb9e453652b 2185392376e7d44c21bd8431e7
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### Description



3LXJyA6Gf.exe receives commands and payloads from this domain.

## Relationship Summary

7d75244449...	Connected_To	dremmfyttrred[.]com
7d75244449...	Connected_To	drooggdhfhf[.]com
dremmfyttrred[.]com	Connected_From	7d75244449fb5c25d8f196a43a6eb9e453652b2185392376e7d44c21bd8431e7
drooggdhfhf[.]com	Connected_From	7d75244449fb5c25d8f196a43a6eb9e453652b2185392376e7d44c21bd8431e7

## Recommendations

CISA recommends that users and administrators consider using the following best practices to strengthen the security posture of their organization's systems. Any configuration changes should be reviewed by system owners and administrators prior to implementation to avoid unwanted impacts.

- Maintain up-to-date antivirus signatures and engines.
- Keep operating system patches up-to-date.
- Disable File and Printer sharing services. If these services are required, use strong passwords or Active Directory authentication.
- Restrict users' ability (permissions) to install and run unwanted software applications. Do not add users to the local administrators group unless required.
- Enforce a strong password policy and implement regular password changes.
- Exercise caution when opening e-mail attachments even if the attachment is expected and the sender appears to be known.
- Enable a personal firewall on agency workstations, configured to deny unsolicited connection requests.
- Disable unnecessary services on agency workstations and servers.
- Scan for and remove suspicious e-mail attachments; ensure the scanned attachment is its "true file type" (i.e., the extension matches the file header).
- Monitor users' web browsing habits; restrict access to sites with unfavorable content.
- Exercise caution when using removable media (e.g., USB thumb drives, external drives, CDs, etc.).
- Scan all software downloaded from the Internet prior to executing.
- Maintain situational awareness of the latest threats and implement appropriate Access Control Lists (ACLs).

Additional information on malware incident prevention and handling can be found in National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) Special Publication 800-83, "**Guide to Malware Incident Prevention & Handling for Desktops and Laptops**".

## Contact Information

- 1-888-282-0870
- [CISA Service Desk](#) (UNCLASS)
- [CISA SIPR](#) (SIPRNET)
- [CISA IC](#) (JWICS)

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the level of desired analysis.

**Can I edit this document?** This document is not to be edited in any way by recipients. All comments or questions related to this document should be directed to the CISA at 1-888-282-0870 or [CISA Service Desk](#).

**Can I submit malware to CISA?** Malware samples can be submitted via three methods:

- Web: <https://malware.us-cert.gov>
- E-Mail: [submit@malware.us-cert.gov](mailto:submit@malware.us-cert.gov)
- FTP: <ftp.malware.us-cert.gov> (anonymous)

CISA encourages you to report any suspicious activity, including cybersecurity incidents, possible malicious code, software vulnerabilities, and phishing-related scams. Reporting forms can be found on CISA's homepage at [www.cisa.gov](http://www.cisa.gov).

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