BUILDING AN INTERNATIONAL NETWORK OF CHEMICAL SECURITY PRACTITIONERS

THE GLOBAL CONGRESS ON CHEMICAL SECURITY AND EMERGING THREATS



G7 Global Partnership (GP)

Working Group Against the Spread of Weapons and Materials of Mass Destruction

Began at the 2002 Kananaskis G8 Summit as a 10-year, \$20 billion initiative

- Supports and coordinates projects and activities in chemical, biological, nuclear, and radiological security
- More than \$25 billion in programming worldwide in efforts to prevent CBRN proliferation and terrorism
- 31 active member countries as well as international organizations
- 49 projects implemented or funded over the past 5 years by 8 GP partners (Canada, EU, Finland, Germany, Italy, Japan, UK and US) valued at US \$167M



We commit ourselves to prevent terrorists, or those that harbor them, from acquiring or developing nuclear, chemical, radiological and biological weapons; missiles; and related materials. equipment and technology. We call on all countries to join us in adopting the set of non-proliferation principles we have announced today.

Statement by G8 Leaders in Kananaskis, June 27, 2002

GP Chemical Security Priorities

Guided by a strategic vision and action plan

- Action Plan Items include:
 - Sharing best practices, lessons learned, etc. related to chemical facility security and the security of chemicals in transit
 - Identifying conferences, meetings, and other opportunities for experts in the area of chemical security
 - Developing model legislative and regulatory frameworks that may serve as tools for nations considering the implementation of regulations in the area of chemical security

www.gpwmd.com





- Global community of experts working to counter the threat of chemical and explosive terrorism
- Brings together law enforcement, government, industry, academia, scientific institutions, and international organizations
- 200 delegates from nearly 40 countries
- Convened by the U.S. Department of Homeland Security, the U.S. FBI, and INTERPOL in response to the Global Partnership Chemical Security Action Plan



<u>Video</u>



Strategic Conclusions

From the 2018 Global Congress







- Multi-stakeholder approach = new dialogue on crosscutting issues
- Benefit of concrete case studies paired with response efforts
- Recurring themes:
 - Challenge: online sales and availability
 - Need for threat information to be shared among key communities (i.e., public, law enforcement, industry, etc.)
 - Public-private partnerships = force multiplier at the national and international level



In coordination with the G7 Global Partnership Against the Spread of Weapons and Materials of Mass Destruction

Lyon, France | October 28 – 31

IN-DEPTH CASE STUDIES

Iraq Dark Web

Sri Lanka Laptop IEDs

Somalia Recent IED Recipes

FOCUS: PROCUREMENT TACTICS

Regional Trends

Legitimate Acquisition

Theft/Diversion and Illicit Activity

EXPERT PANELS

Threat Actors of Concern Chemical Weapons Attribution Security During Non-Intentional Incidents

EMERGING THREATS

UAS

Veterinary Sedatives Operative Info Sharing Methods



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