

HHS 405(d)

Aligning Health Care Industry Security Approaches



Healthcare & Public Health Sector Coordinating Council PUBLIC PRIVATE PARTNERSHIP

405(d) Spotlight Webinar Series

Message from the 405(d) Team

The 405(d) Aligning Health Care Industry Security Practices initiative, along with the Health Industry Cybersecurity Practices: Managing Threats and Protecting Patients (HICP) publication and this engagement, are in partnership with the Healthcare & Public Health Sector Coordinating Council (HSCC).



This webinar is for information purposes only and aims to broaden awareness and align healthcare security approaches. The topics chosen are developed by a different 405(d) task group member each iteration and do not reflect the views of HHS as a whole. All Task Group Members have been invited to contribute this webinar series.

12/12/20⁻



405(d) Events and Announcements

> December

- Happy Birthday HICP! December 28th
- HC3 Private Sector Briefing: Supply Chain Risk <u>CISA405d@hhs.gov</u> Management- December 19th at 1pm EST – Email at <u>HC3@hhs.gov</u>

January

 405(d) and North Carolina Health and Human Services Cybersecurity Town Hall (1/22)

> February

 Spotlight Webinar Featuring Greater New York Hospital Association: Date TBD



Email Us!



Agenda

Time	Торіс	Speaker
5 minutes	Opening Remarks and Introductions	Julie Chua
10 minutes	Ransomware Overview	Julie Chua
20 minutes	HC3 Ransomware Threats	Greg Singleton
15 Minutes	Ransomware Resources	DHS- Kirsten Duncan, Kevin Dillon; H-ISAC-Errol Weiss; HHS-Julie Chua
5 Minutes	Q&A	All
5 minutes	405(d) Closing	405(d) Team



Presenters

Julie Chua	Director, Governance, Risk, and Compliance HHS Cybersecurity Program Office of Information Security U.S. Department of Health and Human Services
Greg Singleton	Director, Health Sector Cybersecurity Coordination Center (HC3) U.S. Department of Health and Human Services
Kirsten Duncan	Cybersecurity Division Cybersecurity and Infrastructure Security Agency U.S. Department of Homeland Security
Kevin Dillon	Stakeholder Engagement Division Cybersecurity and Infrastructure Security Agency U.S. Department of Homeland Security
Errol Weiss	Chief Security Officer Health-ISAC (Health Information Sharing and Analysis Center)



Cybersecurity Act of 2015 (CSA): Legislative Basis

Under the auspices of the Cybersecurity Act of 2015 (CSA), Section 405(d), the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services (HHS) convened the CSA 405(d) public/private task group to enhance cybersecurity and align industry security practices.

The purpose of the 405(d) Spotlight Webinar is to continue the 405(d) mission and vision of "Aligning Health Industry Security Approaches" by discussing a common set of voluntary, consensus-based, and industry-led guidelines, best practices, methodologies, procedures, and processes that serve as a resource for cost-effectively reducing cybersecurity risks for a range of healthcare organizations.

This webinar series aims to align industry security practices by providing an information sharing platform for our public/private partnership. For more information on the 405(d) Program please email us at CISA405d@hhs.gov !



Cyber Safety is Patient Safety

Cyber Safety Patient Safety

Cyber attacks in healthcare affect every aspect of an organization but most importantly they affect **patient safety.**

A single cyber attack has the potential to shut down care facilities, erase important patient health history, and put your patient's health and identity at risk.







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Ransomware

Ransomware is a type of malware (malicious software) distinct from other malware; its defining characteristic is that it attempts to deny access to a user's data, usually by encrypting the data with a key known only to the hacker who deployed the malware, until a ransom is paid. After the user's data is encrypted, the ransomware directs the user to pay the ransom to the hacker (usually in a cryptocurrency, such as Bitcoin) in order to receive a decryption key.

However, paying a ransom does not guarantee that the hacker will unencrypt or unlock the stolen or locked data.

Ransomware threats may incorporate tactics or techniques that are the same as or identical to other threats.





Cybersecurity Impact on the Healthcare Industry

In the Headlines...

"Three Hospitals in Alabama Divert Patients Due to Ransomware attack"

"Ransomware Hits 400 Dental Offices Across the US"

"Medical Practice to close in Wake of Ransomware Attack"

"Ransomware Attack Shuts Down Local Medical Practice- All Records Lost"



18% percent increase in ransomware attacks on the Health Sector in 2019 compared to 2018 Healthcare ransomware attacks will increase x4 by 2020





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Ransomware in the HPH Sector HC3

Ransomware vs. Healthcare Industry

Ransomware is frequently used to target healthcare:

- Cylance Threat Report (May, 2018)
 - Ransomware attacks tripled in 2017
 - Healthcare was targeted more than any other industry
- Solutionary Security Engineering Research Team (Q2, 2016)
 - 88% of all ransomware attacks target the healthcare industry
- Herjavec Group 2017 Healthcare Cybersecurity Report
 - Ransomware attacks on the healthcare sector will quadruple by 2020
- Kaspersky Cyber Pulse: The State of Cybersecurity in Healthcare (December, 2018)
 - 2018: One in four healthcare organizations successfully attacked by ransomware
- McAfee Labs Threats Report: August 2019
 - 504 new threats per minute in Q1 2019; New ransomware up 118%
 - ~50% of all ransomware attacks in the last year targeted North America

Ransomware can cripple a healthcare provider, bringing operations to a halt

- Sept 20th A hospital in Wyoming shut down some operations, postponed surgeries, diverted patients due to a ransomware attack.
- As of this year, research indicates that there have been hospitals and direct patient care facilities that have closed permanently after being victims of ransomware attacks.

Ransomware attacks more rampant than many hospitals might think, Kaspersky says

New research showed that organizations don't always learn their lesson the first time around, with 33 percent of survey respondents saying ransomware attacks happened more than once.

By Beth Jones Sanborn | December 18, 2018

Healthcare **IT** News



Threats on our Radar: Ryuk

- Why the name "Ryuk"?
 - Fictional character in Japanese comic book series entitled Death Note
 - Shinigami (God of Death) who invites human beings to death by dropping notes
- Ryuk Ransomware
 - First identified in 2018
 - Initially thought to be Hermes
 - Likely utilized by Russian criminal groups
 - Deliberately used against relatively big targets
 - Typically, 15 50 bitcoin (BTC) each (1 BTC = ~\$8,723 as of November 2019)
 - \$3.7M in BTC so far across 52 transactions
 - Used by various APTs and criminal group threat actors such as:
 - Grim Spider
 - TEMP.Mixmaster

MalwareHunterTeam Follow @malwrhunterteam From 13th this month, we seen 5 victims of a ransomware. At least 3 of them are companies (from those, 2 are from US, 1 from Germany, and 1 of the 3 is healthcare related). The ransom note seems Bitpaymer, encrypted files seems Hermes. Strange. @BleepinComputer @demonslay335 12:00 PM - 17 Aug 2018 19 Retweets 23 Likes 6) 🔘 😑 🏨 🚳 💐 🎱 🕒 0 2 17 19 0 23

Source: https://www.coindesk.com/price/bitcoin

Threats on our Radar: Sodinokibi

Historical Aspect:

- First discovered by Cisco Talos research conducted in April 2019 by researchers
- Also known as REvil and Sodin
- Key Identifiers and things to know about Sodinokibi:
 - Strain of ransomware that has similarities with GandCrab; possibly same operators
 - Utilized by GOLD SOUTHFIELD threat group (Secureworks)
 - Named "The Crown Prince of Ransomware"
 - Does not impact Commonwealth of Independent States (CIS) or Syria
 - Upgraded versions of Sodinokibi have already been released in the wild
 - New TTP compromising MSP
 - Ransoms observed within Sodinokibi attacks: \$1,500 \$2,500 in Bitcoin per instance
- Technical capabilities of Sodinokibi:
 - Encrypt non-whitelisted files/folders on local storage devices and network shares
 - Terminate blacklisted processes prior to encryption to eliminate resource conflicts
 - Wipe the contents of blacklisted folders
 - Can perform exfiltration on basic host information



They want 600 dollars to give me back my children, that's what they've done, they've taken my boys away from me for a some filthy money. How can I pay them 600 dollars if I barely have enough money to put food on the table for me and my wife?

:55	AM	 Oct 	16,	2018 ·	Twitter	Web	Client	

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COMMONWEALTH OF INDEPENDENT STATES





Sodinokibi: How does a Managed Service Provider (MSP) attack occur?

- Ransomware attack on Managed Service Provider (MSP) serves as mass attack vector
 - Step 1: Managed Service Provider is compromised by attackers and ransomware is inserted in communications pipe with clients
 - Step 2: Managed Service Provider transmits and receives data with clients, including ransomware
 - Step 3: Ransomware compromises clients; Their files are inaccessible



How to Protect yourself from Ransomware: Mitigation

Enterprise Defense

- •Do not open suspicious or unexpected links or attachments in emails
- •Hover over hyperlinks in emails to verify they are going to the anticipated site
- •Alert your IT staff if you have any concerns about the legitimacy of any email, attachment, or link
- •Be aware of malicious actors attempting to impersonate legitimate staff, and check the email sender name against the sender's email address
- Use unique strong passwords or pass-phrases for all accounts as well as multi-factor authentication
- •Do not provide personal or organizational information unless you are certain of the requestor's identity
- •Take advantage of available cybersecurity awareness training
- •Ensure all data and systems critical to enterprise operations are regularly backed up at appropriate intervals
- •Secure data back ups in accessible locations, and ensure the applicable restoration /operational status is conducive to a reasonable time frame to alleviate delayed network productivity.
- •Only allow authentication to remote access software from inside the provider's network
- ·Continuous monitoring and logging should be used to monitor connections to MSP
- •Maintain clear and updated picture of what is "normal" on your network
- •Use two-factor authentication on remote administration tools and Virtual Private Network (VPN) tunnels rather than remote desktop protocols (RDPs)
- •Block inbound network traffic from Tor exit nodes and outbound traffic to Pastebin
- •Utilize Endpoint Detection and Response (EDR) to detect Powershell running unusual processes

Managed Service Providers (MSP's)





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H-ISAC Industry Perspective

- Sharing best practices for ransomware prevention
 - Training & Awareness
 - Hardened defenses
- Health Industry Cybersecurity Practices (HICP)
- Sharing Indicators of Compromise
 - Provides early warning and protection for the HPH community
- Sharing Incident Information
 - Community awareness
 - Drives development of new strategies at the sector level



https://h-isac.org/



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DHS Resources

- https://www.cisa.gov
- https://www.us-cert.gov/Ransomware
- https://www.us-cert.gov/sites/default/files/2019-08/CISA_Insights-Ransomware_Outbreak_S508C.pdf
- https://www.cisa.gov/cyber-essentials
- https://www.us-cert.gov/report
- https://www.dhs.gov/be-cyber-smart



DHS Resources



DHS Resources





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Ransomware - What You Can Do



- Most Ransomware attacks begin in email phishing attacks asking you to click or open an attachment
- Always follow the correct Email Phishing tips and double check the email sender's credentials prior to opening attachments

What to ask your IT Professionals:



Health Industry Cybersecurity Practices (HICP): Managing Threats and Protecting Patients

After significant analysis of the current cybersecurity issues facing the healthcare industry, the 405(d) Task Group agreed on the development of three HICP components—a <u>main</u> <u>document</u> and <u>two</u> <u>technical volumes</u>, and a robust appendix of <u>resources and templates</u>

The Five Main Threats in Cybersecurity







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Questions

Closing

For more cybersecurity information and best practices, be sure to check out the 405(d) publication titled:

Health Industry Cybersecurity Practices: Managing Threats and Protecting Patients (HICP)

The publication details the top five threats facing the healthcare industry and the top 10 practices to mitigate. Read the entire publication on our website: <u>www.phe.gov/405d</u>.

Next 405(d) Spotlight Webinar: February 2020; Date and time to be released later this month



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Helpful Links

<u>HHS 405(d)</u>

Health Industry Cybersecurity Practices: Managing Threats and Protecting Patients (HICP)

HHS HC3

HC3 Sodinokibi Ransomware Whitepaper

HC3 Briefing: Ransomware Threat to State and Local Governments

<u>DHS</u>

https://www.cisa.gov https://www.us-cert.gov/Ransomware https://www.uscert.gov/sites/default/files/2019-08/CISA_Insights-Ransomware_Outbreak_S508C.pdf https://www.cisa.gov/cyber-essentials https://www.us-cert.gov/report https://www.dhs.gov/be-cyber-smart





