

Chemical Facility Anti-Terrorism Standards: Compliance Inspections



The Cybersecurity and Infrastructure Security Agency's (CISA) Chemical Facility Anti-Terrorism Standards (CFATS) program works with facilities to ensure security measures are in place to reduce the risk of certain hazardous chemicals being weaponized. High-risk facilities are assigned to one of four risk-based tiers and must develop a security plan tailored to the tier level and unique circumstances. The Protecting and Securing Chemical Facilities from Terrorist Attacks Act of 2014 (6 U.S.C. § 621, et seq.) and the CFATS regulation (6 CFR Part 27) provide CISA the authority to enter, inspect, and audit the property, equipment, operations, and records of CFATS-covered facilities.

Compliance Inspection (CI) Overview

CISA requires facilities determined to be high-risk to develop and implement one of two types of security plans: a Site Security Plan (SSP) or an Alternative Security Program (ASP).¹ After a facility submits the SSP/ASP for review, CISA Chemical Security Inspectors (CSIs) conduct an Authorization Inspection (AI) at the facility to verify that the content listed in the facility's security plan is accurate and complete. After the facility's SSP/ASP is approved, facilities receive a Letter of Approval and enter into the CFATS compliance cycle, which includes

regular and reoccurring Compliance Inspections, or Cls.

Cls are conducted by CISA Inspectors to verify that the equipment, processes, and procedures described in the facility's approved SSP/ASP have been implemented and continue to sufficiently meet CISA's risk-based performance standards (RBPS), and that any required corrective actions have been implemented and are sustainable. A CI can also be conducted to discuss issues raised by CISA after a review of the facility's case file.

Notification and Preparation for a CI



To notify a facility of a CI, CISA sends the facility a Notice of Inspection via the Chemical Security Assessment Tool (CSAT). In addition, a CISA Inspector contacts the facility site representative by phone and/or email to schedule a date and time. Except in exigent circumstances, CISA will provide at least a 24-hour notice.

The best way to prepare for a CI is to conduct the required annual audit of the SSP/ASP. During this audit, the facility should review all existing and planned measures within the SSP/ASP; identify all policies, procedures, and records within the SSP/ASP; review the facility's inventory compared against the latest Top-Screen; and be prepared to demonstrate and present these to the CISA inspection team.

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¹ Tier 3 and 4 facilities also have the option to submit a security plan under the Expedited Approval Program (EAP). This process removes the Authorization Inspection requirement. Facilities that choose this option must follow the prescriptive security measures (6 U.S.C. § 622(c)(4)(B)(i)) in the CISA EAP Guidance to satisfy the RBPS. Visit <u>cisa.gov/cfats-expedited-approval-program</u> for more information.

What Is the CI Process?

During the Inspection

The CISA inspection team will conduct an in-brief that will cover the purpose and intent of the inspection, review Chemical-terrorism Vulnerability Information (CVI) authorized user status for all personnel present, and any necessary safety instructions that may be required.

The inspection team will review and verify existing security measures, the stage of implementation and effectiveness of planned measures, and significant changes in the security posture since the last inspection through direct observation, document review, equipment testing, and interviews.

A facility may want to make the following documents available for review during a CI:

- All CFATS-related documents and correspondence
- Chemical inventory list
- Company hiring policy and procedures
- Crisis Management Plan (or equivalent)
- Cybersecurity policy and procedures
- Documents describing the progress or completion of planned measures
- Records for RBPS 18

- Incidents and breaches of security documentation
- Procedures and records pertaining to the shipping, receiving, storage, and transportation of chemicals
- Security standard operation procedure (SOP)
- Security system maintenance/calibration records
- Site/facility layout

Appropriate personnel should be available during the CI to be interviewed, such as the CSAT submitter, authorizer, and preparer; facility security officer; cybersecurity officer; human resources representative; and operations manager. It is not necessary for all personnel to be present for the entirety of the CI.

After the Inspection

The inspection team will conduct an out-brief of the results, potential concerns, and/or infractions.

- If no issues are raised by the CI, the facility will receive a "Post-Compliance Inspection Status" letter for the facility's continued compliance.
- If issues are raised by the CI, the facility may need to edit and resubmit the SSP/ASP or correct infractions based on the inspection team's findings.

Tools and Resources

- CFATS Resources: <u>cisa.gov/cfats-resources</u>
- CFATS Process: <u>cisa.gov/cfats-process</u>
- RBPS Guidance: <u>cisa.gov/publication/cfats-rbps-guidance</u>
- RBPS 18 Records: <u>cisa.gov/cfats-rbps-18-records</u>
- CSAT SSP Submission Tips: <u>cisa.gov/csat-ssp-submission-tips</u>
- Request a Compliance Assistance Visit: <u>cisa.gov/request-compliance-assistance-visit</u>
- CVI: cisa.gov/chemical-terrorism-vulnerability-information
- CFATS Expedited Approval Program (EAP) for Tier 3 and 4 facilities: <u>cisa.gov/cfats-expedited-approval-program</u>
- CFATS Knowledge Center: <u>csat-help.dhs.gov</u>
- CSAT Help Desk (technical assistance): Call 1-866-323-2957 or email csat@hq.dhs.gov

CISA Chemical Security Inspectors will conduct reoccurring CIs to ensure your facility continues to fully implement the approved security measures.

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CFATS@hq.dhs.gov

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