PCII PROGRAM AT A GLANCE

The Protected Critical Infrastructure Information (PCII) Program was created by Congress under the Critical Infrastructure Information Act of 2002 and implemented in 6 Code of Federal Regulations part 29. The Program encourages public and private sector owner(s) and operator(s) of physical and cyber critical infrastructure to voluntarily share sensitive security and proprietary data with CISA. The PCII Program protects information from federal, state, and local disclosure laws, allowing partners to securely share their critical infrastructure information. The PCII Program supports the U.S. Government’s ability to understand and identify:

- Security risks and threats from physical and cyber-attacks
- Vulnerabilities and mitigation strategies
- Critical infrastructure security during planning and emergencies

PCII PROGRAM PROVIDES LEGAL PROTECTION TO SENSITIVE INFORMATION

The PCII Program offers the following legal protections to participating private sector and state, local, tribal and territorial governments who voluntarily share CII (including the submitter’s identity):

- Freedom of Information Act (FOIA) Requests
- Use in Regulatory Proceedings
- State, Local, Tribal and Territorial Disclosure Laws Or “Sunshine Laws”
- Use in Civil Actions

QUALIFICATIONS FOR PCII PROGRAM PROTECTIONS

Information must relate to the security of critical infrastructure and the submitter attest it is:

- Voluntarily submitted
- Not customarily found in the public domain
- Not submitted in lieu of compliance with any regulatory requirements

SUBMITTING CRITICAL INFRASTRUCTURE INFORMATION SECURELY IN 4 EASY STEPS

Provide your information at pciims.cisa.gov/esubmission  Complete Express and Certification Statements  Drag documents to upload  Submit, and your data is PROTECTED!*

*The submission is protected immediately upon the federal government’s receipt and throughout the validation process. For more information on the electronic submission process, visit cisa.gov/electronic-submit-cii-pcii-protection